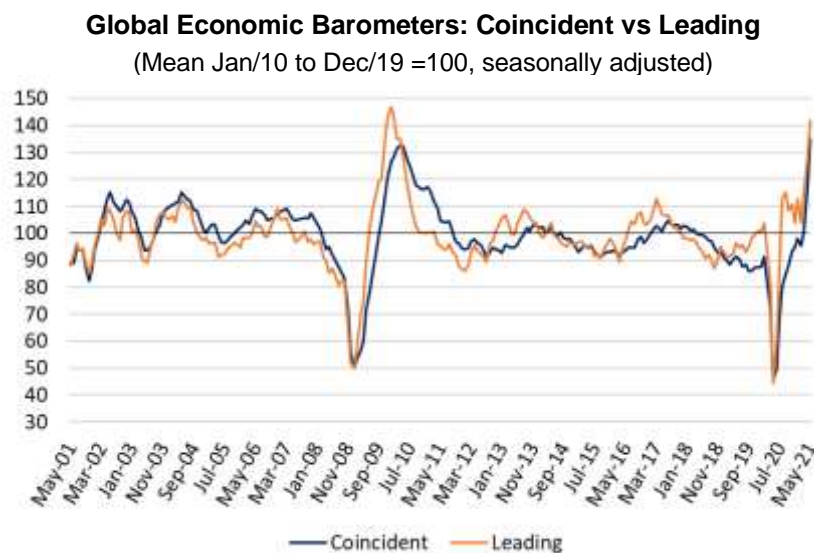


Press Release

Rio de Janeiro and Zurich, 10th May 2021, 10 am (local time) – 12 pm (UTC).

Global Barometers signal that the recovery has spread to all regions and sectors

The Global Economic Barometers increase considerably in May for the third month in a row, signaling an acceleration in the global economic activity since the first quarter of 2021. All investigated regions improve both their assessment of the current situation and expectations for the near future.



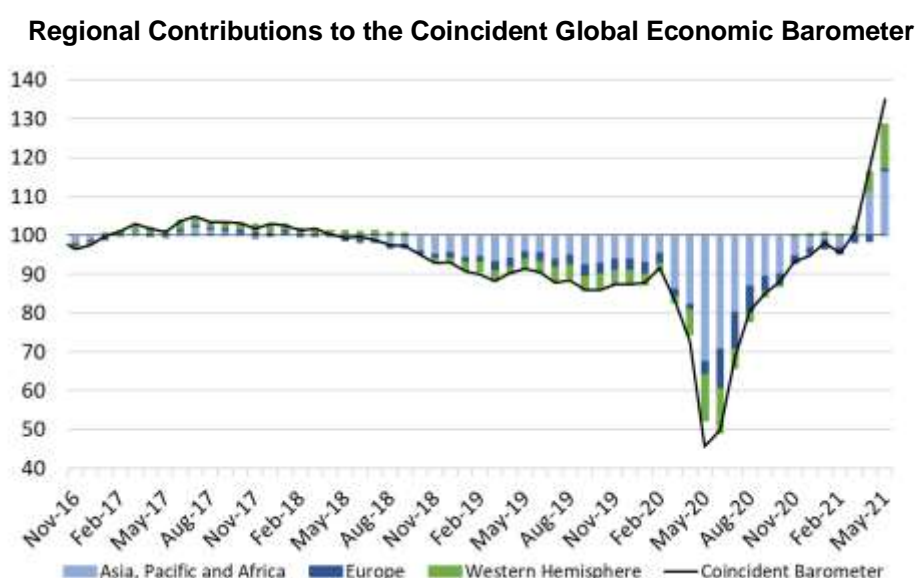
Source: KOF ETH Zurich and FGV IBRE

The Coincident Global Barometer rises by 17.9 points in May, from 117.2 points to 135.1 points, the highest level of the historical series since 1991. The Leading Global Barometer climbs 14.0 points, to 141.9 points, its highest level since February 2010. All regions developed positively and markedly this month, both regarding the assessment of the present situation and the expectations for the near future.

“The noticeable advance of the leading and coincident barometers in May occurred across all regions and sectors. Despite there being a certain heterogeneity between regions, the combination of economic stimulus programs and immunization of the populations has already made a positive impact, even in the sectors most affected by the pandemic, especially the services sector. The message from the barometers indicates a general recovery of the level of activity during the second quarter of the year”, evaluates Paulo Picchetti, researcher of FGV IBRE.

Coincident Barometer – regions and sectors

All the regions contribute positively to the aggregate result of the Coincident Barometer in May. *Europe*, with 6.5 points, is the region contributing the strongest to the rise in the Coincident Global Barometer followed by the *Western Hemisphere* with 6.1 points, and the *Asia, Pacific and Africa* region with 5.3 points. For the second consecutive month, the assessment of the present situation is noticeably more positive in all the regions, influenced by the acceleration in the level of activity. In most of the countries the situation today has much improved compared to the one observed 12 months ago at the peak of the COVID-crisis. The graph below illustrates the contribution of each region to the deviation of the Coincident Barometer from the historical average of 100 points.



Source: KOF ETH Zurich and FGV IBRE

Coincident Barometer and Regional Coincident Indicators				
Period	Asia, Pacific and Africa	Europe	Western Hemisphere	Coincident Barometer
Feb-20	91.7	91.1	92.6	91.5
Mar-20	75.7	93.0	94.6	83.0
Apr-20	69.7	84.3	74.2	72.6
May-20	44.3	52.0	52.4	45.7
Jun-20	49.6	55.5	53.5	49.8
Jul-20	65.6	68.5	80.3	68.5
Aug-20	77.3	81.5	89.8	80.4
Sep-20	81.7	86.1	94.3	85.0
Oct-20	82.9	90.9	99.3	87.9
Nov-20	90.7	92.8	101.1	93.3
Dec-20	94.3	89.2	101.6	94.8
Jan-21	97.8	93.1	103.3	98.1
Feb-21	94.4	91.8	101.1	95.3
Mar-21	102.9	92.4	102.2	100.8
Apr-21	118.5	104.9	121.4	117.2
May-21	127.4	136.7	146.7	135.1
Cumulative Var. Mar/20-May/21	35.7	45.5	54.1	43.6

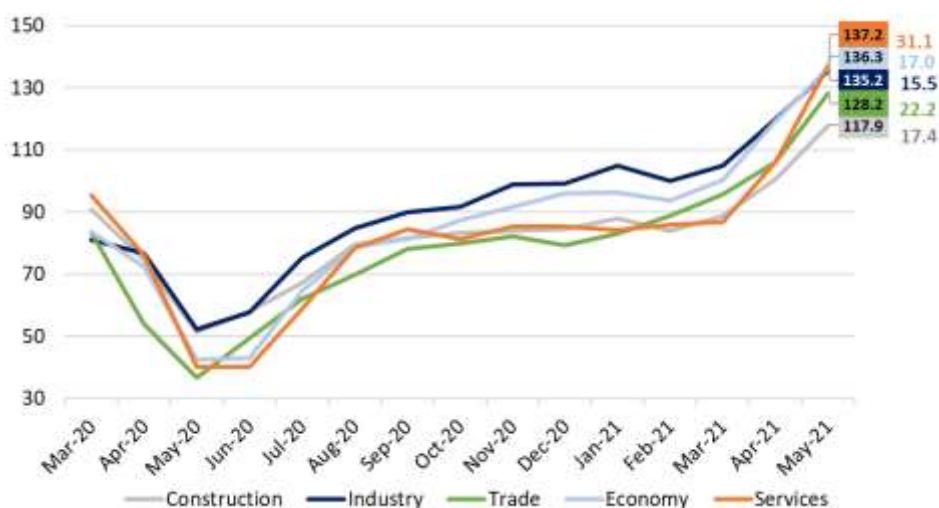
Source: KOF ETH Zurich and FGV IBRE

Regional Contributions to Changes in the Coincident Barometer				
Period	Contributions per Regions			Monthly Variation
	Asia, Pacific and Africa	Europe	Western Hemisphere	Coincident Barometer
Mar-20	-9.4	0.4	0.5	-8.5
Apr-20	-3.6	-1.9	-5.0	-10.4
May-20	-14.9	-6.7	-5.3	-26.9
Cum. Contrib. Mar/20-May/20	-27.9	-8.2	-9.8	-45.8
Jun-20	3.2	0.7	0.3	4.1
Jul-20	9.4	2.8	6.6	18.7
Aug-20	6.8	2.7	2.3	11.9
Sep-20	2.6	0.9	1.1	4.6
Oct-20	0.7	1.0	1.2	2.9
Nov-20	4.6	0.4	0.4	5.4
Dec-20	2.1	-0.7	0.1	1.5
Jan-21	2.0	0.8	0.5	3.3
Feb-21	-2.0	-0.2	-0.6	-2.8
Mar-21	5.1	0.1	0.3	5.5
Apr-21	9.3	2.4	4.6	16.4
May-21	5.3	6.5	6.1	17.9
Cum. Contrib. Jun/20-May/21	49.1	17.4	22.9	89.4
Cum. Contrib. Mar/20-May/21	21.2	9.2	13.1	43.6

Source: KOF ETH Zurich and FGV IBRE

All five identified sectors contribute positively to the aggregate result of the Coincident Barometer. The increase of 31.1 points in the coincident indicator for the Services sector stands out, as this is the sector that has suffered most due to the measures taken to contain the virus circulation in various countries. All the indicators are above the level of 117 points, with the *Services* and *Industry* sectors, and the indicator that measures the *aggregated development of economies (Overall Economic Development)* reaching the highest level of the series since 1991, the first observation of the Barometers.

Coincident Global Barometers - Sectors

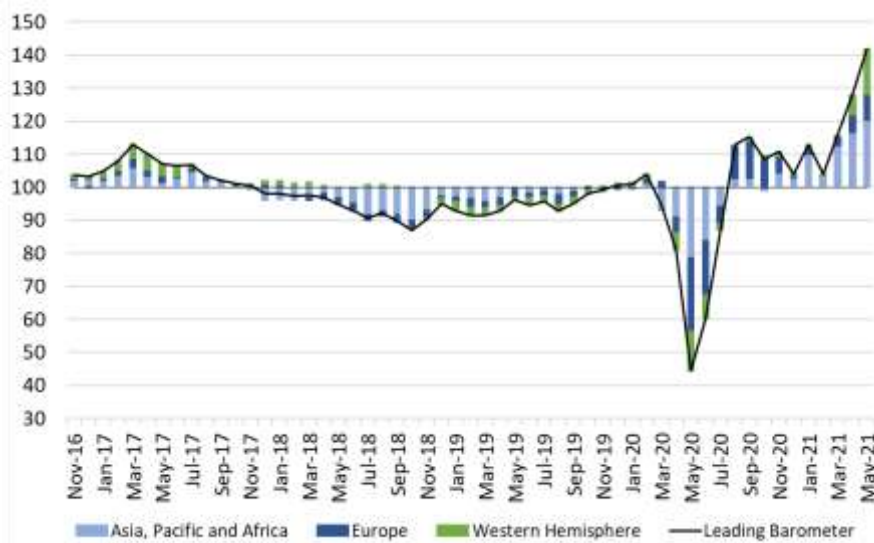


Source: KOF ETH Zurich and FGV IBRE

Leading Barometer – regions and sectors

The Leading Global Barometer leads the world economic growth rate cycle by three to six months on average. In May, as the Coincident Barometer, the leading indicators of the three regions each contribute positively to the 14-points rise in the Leading Global Barometer. This month, the *Western Hemisphere is the biggest contributor to the rise, adding 7.9 points*, followed by the *Asia, Pacific and Africa region with 3.8 points and Europe with 2.3 points*.

Regional Contributions to the Leading Global Economic Barometer



Source: KOF ETH Zurich and FGV IBRE

Leading Barometer and Regional Leading Indicators				
Period	Asia, Pacific and Africa	Europe	Western Hemisphere	Leading Barometer
Feb-20	101.9	106.5	105.3	103.9
Mar-20	88.7	108.5	99.5	94.9
Apr-20	85.0	78.0	79.4	81.0
May-20	64.7	-3.2	52.9	44.5
Jun-20	73.4	23.0	72.8	60.4
Jul-20	90.1	75.9	93.2	87.1
Aug-20	104.5	145.3	101.5	112.9
Sep-20	104.2	152.7	105.3	115.3
Oct-20	98.0	139.6	104.4	108.5
Nov-20	107.1	122.3	106.6	110.8
Dec-20	104.8	102.9	101.5	103.9
Jan-21	116.1	109.6	103.9	112.9
Feb-21	105.4	100.8	101.5	103.9
Mar-21	120.5	113.5	101.1	115.7
Apr-21	127.0	125.5	123.7	127.9
May-21	133.2	136.1	155.5	141.9
Cumulative Var. Mar/20-May/21	25.1	19.0	18.5	24.0

Source: KOF ETH Zurich and FGV IBRE

Regional Contributions to Changes in the Leading Barometer				
Period	Contributions per Regions			Monthly Variation
	Asia, Pacific and Africa	Europe	Western Hemisphere	Leading Barometer
Mar-20	-8.0	0.4	-1.5	-9.0
Apr-20	-2.2	-6.6	-5.0	-13.9
May-20	-12.3	-17.5	-6.7	-36.5
Cum. Contrib. Mar/20-May/20	-22.5	-23.7	-13.2	-59.4
Jun-20	5.2	5.6	5.0	15.9
Jul-20	10.2	11.5	5.2	26.7
Aug-20	8.7	14.9	2.0	25.8
Sep-20	-0.1	1.6	1.0	2.4
Oct-20	-3.8	-2.8	-0.2	-6.8
Nov-20	5.5	-3.7	0.5	2.3
Dec-20	-1.4	-4.2	-1.2	-6.9
Jan-21	7.0	1.4	0.5	9.0
Feb-21	-6.6	-2.0	-0.5	-9.0
Mar-21	9.3	2.7	-0.2	11.8
Apr-21	4.0	2.5	5.7	12.2
May-21	3.8	2.3	7.9	14.0
Cum. Contrib. Jun/20-May/21	38.0	27.5	17.8	83.4
Cum. Contrib. Mar/20-May/21	15.5	3.8	4.6	24.0

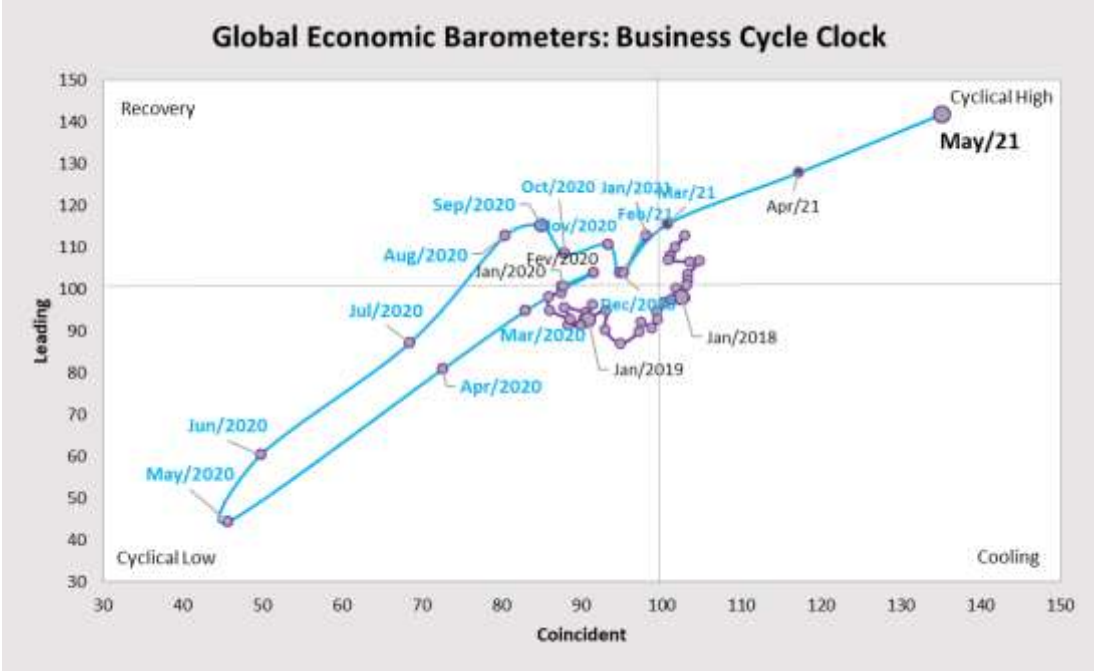
Source: KOF ETH Zurich and FGV IBRE

All the Leading Barometer sectors increase in May, influenced by the ongoing vaccination campaigns around the world and the improved prospects for the economy to return to a situation of normality. All sectors record levels above 130 points, reflecting a highly optimistic outlook regarding the near future. With the possibility of a reduction in virus containment measures, the *Services* sector has become the most optimistic, with an indicator of 150 points, the highest since the start of the series in 1991.

Sectoral Leading Indicators					
Period	Construction	Economy	Industry	Trade	Services
Feb-20	99.9	106.1	102.6	101.5	109.8
Mar-20	102.9	91.3	93.2	96.2	108.0
Apr-20	84.8	84.5	87.3	67.4	63.0
May-20	54.5	53.5	40.5	65.2	33.8
Jun-20	69.1	69.5	56.2	79.3	45.0
Jul-20	79.9	88.8	90.6	90.6	73.0
Aug-20	114.0	105.0	120.8	101.8	99.9
Sep-20	101.5	106.9	122.5	98.7	127.7
Oct-20	106.2	108.4	109.9	92.7	120.3
Nov-20	108.7	103.6	118.1	101.7	100.8
Dec-20	107.5	103.4	107.4	90.9	98.8
Jan-21	107.7	106.8	121.2	99.7	101.3
Feb-21	110.3	101.1	106.6	100.3	94.2
Mar-21	111.5	114.9	118.9	109.4	104.5
Apr-21	130.5	121.7	122.5	142.4	136.4
May-21	143.8	134.2	138.8	144.7	150.2
% of losses between Mar/20 and May/20 were recovered until May/21	197%	130%	132%	213%	135%

Source: KOF ETH Zurich and FGV IBRE

In May, all sectors contribute positively to the aggregate result of the Leading Barometer. The strongest increase of 16.3 points is that of the leading indicator for *Industry*, followed by that of *Services* with a rise of 13.8 points.



Period	<i>Global Coincident Barometer</i> Vintages		<i>Global Leading Barometer</i> Vintages	
	May 2021	April 2021	May 2021	April 2021
May-20	45.7	45.3	44.5	45.2
Jun-20	49.8	52.3	60.4	60.4
Jul-20	68.5	71.1	87.1	88.3
Aug-20	80.4	81.0	112.9	113.9
Sep-20	85.0	85.3	115.3	116.7
Oct-20	87.9	88.2	108.5	110.2
Nov-20	93.3	94.9	110.8	113.0
Dec-20	94.8	94.3	103.9	105.0
Jan-21	98.1	97.1	112.9	113.4
Feb-21	95.3	97.4	103.9	106.2
Mar-21	100.8	102.8	115.7	116.7
Apr-21	117.2	115.8	127.9	125.9
May-21	135.1		141.9	

* The Global Barometer series are revised monthly to reflect updates in the component series and revision of the seasonal adjustment

The Global Economic Barometers

The Global Economic Barometers are a system of indicators enabling timely analysis of global economic development. They represent a collaboration between the KOF Swiss Economic Institute of the ETH Zurich in Switzerland and Fundação Getulio Vargas (FGV), based in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. The system consists of two composite indicators, the Coincident Barometer and the Leading Barometer. The Coincident Barometer reflects the current state of economic activity, while the Leading Barometer provides a cyclical signal roughly six months ahead of current economic developments.

The two Barometers comprise the results of economic tendency surveys conducted in more than 50 countries with the aim of achieving the broadest possible global coverage. The advantages of economic tendency surveys are that their results are usually readily available and are not substantially revised after first publication.

The Coincident Barometer includes more than 1,000 different time series, while the Leading Barometer consists of over 600 time series. Cross-correlation analysis is used to decide which individual time series are included in the barometers. This involves correlating the individual time series with a reference series. The reference series used is the year-on-year growth rate of global gross domestic product (GDP), where the individual national GDPs are aggregated at purchasing power parity to form global GDP. A time series is only included in a Barometer if it shows a sufficiently high correlation and a suitable synchronization or lead with the reference series.

The series of the two Barometers are revised each month at publication and are standardized to have a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 10 for the 10-year period previous to the most recent observations. The coefficients of the component series of the Global Barometers have remained stable since the April 2020 edition.

More information on the Global Economic Barometers is available on the KOF website:

<https://kof.ethz.ch/en/forecasts-and-indicators/indicators/kof-globalbaro.html> →

The Global Barometers methodology is described in:

Klaus Abberger, Michael Graff, Aloisio Campelo Jr., Anna Carolina Lemos Gouveia, Oliver Müller and Jan-Egbert Sturm (2020), The Global Economic Barometers: Composite indicators for the world economy. KOF Working Papers, vol. 471, Zurich: KOF Swiss Economic Institute, ETH Zurich, 2020.

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